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Natives, 227; foreigners, 72.

By localities, in homes, houses, etc., 192; in civil hospitals, 34; in military hospitals, 7; in Santa Casa de Misericordia, 57; in asylums, convents, etc., 6; in ships in port, none; in unknown localities, 3.

The daily average of deaths was 42.71 in comparison with 41.28 for the preceding week and with 46.28 for the corresponding week of 1904. The coefficient per each 1,000 of the estimated population is 18.34.

The highest range of the thermometer was 35.9° C., and the lowest was 22.6° C., with an average of 26.82 for the week; extremely warm weather. The total rainfall was 91.04 mm., of which amount 36.06 mm. fell on the 28th ultimo and 39.91 the next day. This is a very heavy rainfall even for this city.

#### CHINA.

##### *Report from Hongkong—Emigrants recommended for rejection.*

Passed Assistant Surgeon White reports, January 23, as follows:

Number of emigrants per steamship *Fremont* recommended, January 20, 1905, for rejection: For Seattle, 2; for Tacoma, 1.

Number of emigrants per steamship *Siberia* recommended, January 24, 1905, for rejection: For Honolulu, 2; for San Francisco, 14.

##### *Report from Shanghai—Inspection of vessels—Smallpox among natives and foreigners—Case of smallpox on U. S. S. Monadnock.*

Acting Assistant Surgeon Ransom reports, January 18 and 25, as follows:

During the week ended January 14, 1905, two supplemental bills of health were issued and there were inspected 2 vessels, 314 crew, 58 cabin and 92 steerage passengers, together with 76 pieces of personal baggage. Eight pieces of baggage were disinfected. Manifests were viséed for 22,863 pieces of freight. Two emigrants for San Francisco by steamship *Korea* were examined and passed.

The report of the municipal health officer shows for the week: Among foreigners, smallpox, 10 new cases; enteric fever, 4 new cases; diphtheria, 2 new cases, and tuberculosis, 1 new case; among natives, smallpox, 51 deaths; diphtheria, 3 deaths; scarlet fever, 1 death, and tuberculosis, 26 deaths. The total reported mortality was 2 foreigners and 148 natives.

No quarantinable diseases were reported from outports.

During the week ended January 21, 1905, there were issued 3 supplemental and 3 original bills of health, one of the latter being granted to the U. S. S. *Monadnock*, without inspection, upon the certificate of her surgeon. There were inspected 5 vessels, 448 crew, 34 cabin and 66 steerage passengers, and manifests were viséed for 22,627 pieces of freight, while 1 piece (old carpets) was disinfected. Vaccination certificates were issued to the entire personnel of the collier *Brutus*, numbering 77 persons. Three cases of illness occurring on vessels in port were investigated, 2 of which were nonquarantinable diseases and 1 a case of smallpox.

The latter occurred on board the U. S. turret ship *Monadnock*, and an especially interesting feature of the case is that the ship's surgeon states that this man was successfully vaccinated on November 29, 1904, and was taken sick with variola on December 11, 1904. He was removed to the isolation hospital, where he remained until January 4, 1905. The disease was of a mild type, there being, I believe, practically no scars. I am told there was slight suppuration in the vaccination sores. This is a rather unusual occurrence, I think, and it is reported on that account. In conversation with the health officer I learned that he knew of 3 or 4 similar cases this year, where the eruption appeared 5, 7, and, in one instance, 10 days after successful vaccination. Doctor Reid, one of the oldest practitioners here, told me recently of a case which occurred several years ago in his practice, where the patient twice had smallpox, was successfully vaccinated within a year, I think he said, after the second attack, and was taken with variola a month after the vaccination, and died.

There were no emigration examinations made during the week, and no quarantinable diseases were reported from outports.

The report of the municipal health officer shows: Among foreigners, smallpox, 11 new cases; enteric fever, 1 new case; diphtheria, 1 new case; scarlet fever, 1 new case; tuberculosis, 1 new case. Among natives, smallpox, 47 deaths; diphtheria, 3 deaths; scarlet fever, 2 deaths; tuberculosis, 33 deaths. The total reported mortality was 5 foreigners and 177 natives.

Hongkong has declared Shanghai to be infected with smallpox and is enforcing quarantine against this port.

#### CUBA.

##### *Reports from Cienfuegos—Inspection of vessels—Improvement in condition of streets.*

Acting Assistant Surgeon McMahon reports, February 15 and 21, as follows:

During the week ended February 11, 1905, bills of health were issued to 5 vessels going to ports in the United States. Total crew of 155 and 1 passenger were in good health. No sickness appeared on any vessel in this port during the week except 1 case of gastro-intestinal catarrh. The patient is receiving treatment in the hospital here.

During the week ended February 18, 1905, bills of health were issued to 6 vessels, with a total crew of 171 and 21 passengers. All vessels were in good sanitary condition and no sickness on any of them.

The sanitary officials of this city have recently increased the street-cleaning force and the streets are being put in excellent condition.

##### *Report from Matanzas—Inspection of vessels—Epidemic of measles.*

Acting Assistant Surgeon Nuñez reports, February 20, as follows:

During the week ended February 18, 1905, 5 bills of health were issued to vessels leaving for United States ports in good sanitary condition.